Q1 Clinical Experience Clinical Self-Evaluation Tool

		Chinical Cen Evaluation 1001		
Stu	ıder	nt Name:		
Cli	nica	l Site:		
Da	tes:			
		ND: O=Outstanding; S=Satisfactory; NI=Needs Improvement; U=Unsatisfactory/Failure of the quator, S, NI, U, NO, NA - See end of document	rter	
A.	pra	actice patient-centered care of older adult patients from diverse backgrounds utilizing evidence-based actice and informatics (the science of processing data for storage retrieval) to support clinical decision aking.	Midterm	Final
	a.	Practice assessment techniques on older adults experiencing common health problems with predictable outcomes.		
	b.	Communicate the role of the nurse in the development of individualized patient-centered plans of care for older adults experiencing common health problems with predictable outcomes.		
	c.	Identify the uniqueness of each patient related to preferences, values, beliefs, and cultural differences.		
	d.	Describe patient advocacy strategies for older adults.		
	e.	Practice using verbal and nonverbal communication that promotes caring, therapeutic relationships with older adults.		
	f.	Locate current evidence-based resources as a basis for nursing practice and clinical decision making.		
	g.	Identify informatics (the science of processing data for storage retrieval) used in the provision of patient care.		
	h.	Observe how informatics (the science of processing data for storage retrieval) are used to communicate with other members of the health care team.		
Pa	ient	-centered Care Overall Score		
B.	lde	entify areas to collaborate with members of the healthcare team to promote continuity of patient care and qua	lity improvem	ent.
	a.	Recognize the various members of the health care team in the provision of patient-centered care.		
	b.	Verbalize patient information to be shared with designated members of the healthcare team.		
	c.	Identify patient care concerns related to quality care.		
	d.	Discuss activities to promote quality improvement.		
Tea	amw	ork and Collaboration Overall Score		
C.	lde	entify physiological and psychosocial principles to provide safe nursing care while utilizing the nursing proces	S.	
	a.	Discuss actual and potential safety risks in the health care environment.		
	b.	Discuss actions that promote safe practice and a safe environment for patients, self, and others.		
Sat	ety	Overall Score		
D.	lde	entify professional behaviors consistent with legal and ethical standards that promote the profession of nursin	ıg.	
	a.	Identify nursing standards of practice, and healthcare facility policies and procedures.		
	b.	Define the Nursing Code of Ethics, the Patient Bill of Rights, and the Self Determination Act as a framework for practice.		
	C.	Verbalize specific behaviors related to professional accountability for patient care.		
	d.	Completes <u>all</u> assignments on time.		
Pro	ofes	sionalism Overall Score		
	Midterm: Instructor Signature:			
Student Signature:				

Midterm Comments:	
Final: Instructor Signature:	Date:
Student Signature:	Date:
Final Comments:	

Key

O=Outstanding	NI=Needs Improvement		
 Exceeds expectations (as identified on clinical evaluation tool). Is safe Consistently shows initiative. Demonstrates a comprehensive level of understanding of concepts and applies them to patient care. Consistently identifies patient care situations that need attention. No supportive cues needed. 	 Does not meet expectations (as identified on clinical evaluation tool). Is usually safe Infrequently shows initiative. Requires frequent guidance when applying concepts to patient care situations. Inconsistently identifies patient care situations that need attention. Frequent supportive cues needed. 		
 Meets expectations (as identified on clinical evaluation tool). Is safe Periodically shows initiative. 	U=Unsatisfactory/Failure of the quarter. Does not meet expectations (as identified on clinical evaluation tool). Is unsafe Does not show initiative.		
 Demonstrates a fundamental level of understanding of concepts and applies them to patient care. Usually identifies patient care situations that need attention. Occasional supportive cues needed. 	 Requires consistent guidance when applying concepts to patient care situations. Fails to identify patient care situations that need attention. Continuous supportive cues needed. 		
NO = Not Observed/No Opportunity	NA = Not Applicable		